

# WHAT BRAND WHITLOCK SAYS ABOUT THE SOCIAL EVIL

"Unsolved and Not to Be Solved By Hasty Action"

A Frank Statement By Mayor Sellers

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALBUQUERQUE--

As my term of office as mayor is about to expire, I feel impelled to make a few remarks to my fellow citizens on a subject of general public interest, which I hope will be received in the spirit in which they are uttered.

In the first place I desire to pay a hearty and sincere tribute to the patriotism and efficiency of the members of our city council with whom it has been my pleasure to work during the two years I have held the office of mayor. Since 1881, when Albuquerque was first incorporated, the councilmen who have served here have received little in the way of substantial reward to show for their labors, and yet it would be difficult to find in all this brand land a city that has possessed such uniformly honest and capable councilmen or where there has been so little tendency to any form of political corruption.

I desire also to say, not only to the voters but to all those in Albuquerque who have shown an inclination to criticize the motives of city officials during this administration: Do not be influenced against your official servants by men whose principal argument is mind-boggling and who have little responsibility for their utterances. At least, "be from Missouri" and require to be "shown" whether your officials are dishonest or not.

Much abuse has been directed at the present administration—not only myself but the councilmen as well—because of its sincere efforts to solve

what is popularly known as the social evil question. No question in the world is so old as this, and none presents so many perplexities and difficulties of solution. Whatever the proper solution may be, surely it does not lie in abuse and vilification.

On this subject I desire to quote from an article by Brand Whitlock, former mayor of Toledo, Ohio, a city of 160,000 people, in the Forum, of New York, and the English Review of London. Certainly, Mr. Whitlock's standing as a sincere reformer will not be questioned, nor will it be denied by any intelligent person familiar with his career that he has made a deep study of this very vexed question. Mr. Whitlock is not a "ring politician"—in fact, his exalted purpose and his high standing are such that he was recently tendered by President Wilson an appointment to one of the most important diplomatic posts in the gift of the national administration. I mention these facts merely to bring attention to the high authority from which I quote. In the article to which I have referred Mr. Whitlock says that if it were all left to him, the first thing he would do would be to "respect all the criminal laws on the subject, beginning with that most savage enactment the puritan conscience ever devised, namely, the law declaring certain children 'illegitimate' a piece of stupid brutality and cruelty that would make a gorilla blush with shame if it were suggested in the African jungle." Neither does he take any stock in "the cock-sure persons who

would solve the problem off-hand by issuing a general order to the police, but the first thing to do is to repeal all the criminal laws on the subject; they do no good and even when it is attempted to enforce them, the attempts are worse than futile.

"The next step, possibly, should be the creation of an equal standard of morals, and this cannot be done by passing a law or by turning in an alarm for the police. It means thinking and education, and evolution, and all the other slow and tedious processes of which the off-hand reformers are so impatient. This equal standard will have to be raised first in each individual better; after that it will become the attitude of the general mind."

I am not prepared to say that law regulating the social evil should be abolished, but I do say that the evil never has been abolished anywhere at any time and practical men of high character, like Brand Whitlock, and practical women, like the superintendent of the Florence Crittenton missions, declare methods of those opposed to segregation a failure.

What I am saying on this subject is said in the kindest spirit. I can tolerate opinions in others and credit them with honesty, even when I know they are wrong, and when those holding such opinions are not broad enough to concede honesty in those who may differ from them.

Very respectfully,  
D. K. E. SELLERS.

## Today's Live News of the Sunshine State

### STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION COMES HERE APRIL SECOND

Santa Fe, N. M., March 28.—Chairman M. S. Groves of the state corporation commission has gone to the Pecos valley for a few days and will join the other members of the commission, O. L. Owen and Hugh H. Williams, at Albuquerque on April 2, when a hearing over stock scales will be held. The commission will be in Silver City April 4 for another hearing on stock scales.

**Working on Annual Report.**  
The clerical force of the state corporation commission is nearing the end of its labors in compiling statistics for the annual report which is printed each year. All of the companies doing business in the state have reported with the exception of the telephone companies and two fraternal insurance companies. If these reports are not received within the next week the annual report will be sent to press without them.

**Streams Low.**  
Charles J. Emerson, junior engineer of the water resources branch United States geological survey, has returned from a trip through the Pecos valley. He reports that streams are rather low just now.

**Has Fine Well.**  
Corona, N. M., March 28.—Mr. Keizer who has been drilling out north-west of town has struck at 500 feet a fine well of water, and will start filling up a ranch which he will stock with several hundred head of cattle.

### ASCARTE MURDER TRIAL OPENS AT CARRIZOZO TODAY

[Special Dispatch to Evening Herald]  
Carrizozo, N. M., March 27.—The sensational murder case of the State of New Mexico against Ricardo Ascarte of Las Cruces will begin in the district court here tomorrow, having come here on a change of venue. This is the second trial of the case. The first resulted in a mistrial.

Ascarte, who is the son of former Sheriff G. Ascarte of Dona Ana county, is accused of shooting and killing his wife, a bride of nine months, at his home in Las Cruces. The bullet passed through the woman's arm and pierced her heart, which seemed to make the suicide theory, first advanced, untenable. In fact, Ascarte's defense is that the weapon was discharged while he was scuffling with his wife to take the revolver away from her, with which she threatened to kill herself one night.

A change of venue to Carrizozo was granted and venues for 200 jurors have been issued.

**Postmaster at Lordsburg.**  
Lordsburg, N. M., March 28.—Martin Q. Hardin has been appointed postmaster here effective at once.

The name—Doan's inspires confidence—Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney ills. Doan's Ointment for skin itching. Doan's Regulators for a mild laxative. Sold at all drug stores.

### NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA SHOW RANGE GAINS WITH SANTA FE EXHIBIT

Showing for Entire West However is a Heavy Falling Off in Both Cattle and Sheep.

[Special Correspondence to the Herald]

Washington, D. C., March 28.—At the hearing last month in congress on the Kent bill for leasing public lands for grazing, some interesting figures concerning the amount of livestock in the west were presented by the department of agriculture. In the southwest, the amount of all classes of stock has increased during the past three years except for horses in Arizona and sheep in New Mexico.

	1910	1913
Arizona .....	631,000	512,000
New Mexico ..	530,000	947,000
Total .....	1,161,000	1,459,000
	1910	1913
Arizona .....	115,000	104,000
New Mexico ..	132,000	131,000
Total .....	247,000	235,000

**Sheep.**  
1910 1913  
Arizona .....1,020,000 1,570,000  
New Mexico ..4,724,000 3,306,000  
Total .....5,744,000 5,376,000  
In the entire west, however—the states west of the Missouri river—there has been a decrease during the past three years of 7,000,000 cattle and 7,000,000 sheep. There are now on the ranges approximately 20,000,000 cattle and 22,000,000 sheep.

In the entire United States last year there were 56,527,000 cattle and 51,482,000 sheep.

### NATIONAL GUARD WILL MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Santa Fe, N. M., March 28.—Herculean-breaking activity, according to the adjutant general's office, is in evidence among the various national guard companies of the state in preparation for the three weeks of inspection beginning at Las Vegas on April 1. While none of the proposed additional companies sought at Albuquerque, Las Vegas, in the lower Pecos valley and elsewhere, will be ready for inspection, the showing is expected to be unusually good. Drill has been constant and painstaking in the various cities.

The places and dates are as follows: Las Vegas, April 1; Silver City, April 2; Deming, April 3; Las Cruces, April 7; Albuquerque, April 9; Clovis, April 10; Portales, April 11; Arasita, April 14; and Santa Fe, April 21.

In answer to a query, officers of the adjutant general's office stated that they had no advice as to the date of place of the federal army encampment, to be attended by the members of the state national guard this year.

**Ships Car of Beans.**  
Portales, N. M., March 28.—J. S. Strickland is shipping a car of Mexican beans to a wholesale grocery dealer in Lawton, Okla., this week. These beans were brought up from a number of farmers. Mr. Strickland says he can sell several more cars.

Before rolling a jelly cake up, dampen a napkin with warm water, wring dry and then cover with a sheet of paraffin paper. Turn the cake on this paper and roll quickly. The cake is not as apt to break as it is rolled.

### SAN DIEGO PLEASED WITH SANTA FE EXHIBIT

Indian Pueblo Plan Makes a Hit in Exposition City. New Mexico Building Now Enclosed.

[Special Correspondence to the Herald]

Accompanied by a speaking likeness of Herman Schweizer of Albuquerque and Jesse L. Neusbaum of Santa Fe, the San Diego Union of March 24 publishes the following concerning the Santa Fe railway's Indian pueblo exhibit at the San Diego exposition:

"A beautiful and finely elaborated plaster model of an Indian pueblo or village, representing in miniature, the ground plan of the six-arch exhibit which the Santa Fe railway will have at the exposition, arrived in San Diego yesterday and was placed in the window of the company's office in the U. S. Grant hotel building. The little model is an artistic triumph in itself, representing weeks of thought and labor, and small though it is, gives an impressive idea of the size and scope of the exhibit itself."

"The model was made by Miss Mary E. J. Colter of Kansas City, who does a great deal of art work and decoration for the Fred Harvey system, from an outline and preliminary plan by Herman Schweizer of the new and curio department. Schweizer, who brought the model here, is accompanied by Jesse Neusbaum of the American school of archaeology at Santa Fe. N. M. Neusbaum will remain in the city to superintend the building of the exhibit, which will begin in the near future."

"The concession, according to Schweizer, will embrace six acres near the north gate, and have 600 feet of frontage on the terminal. It will be genuine and realistic in every detail, from the typical high cedar post enclosure to the silver and basket work of the squaws."

"Passing through the low adobe entrance, the visitor will find himself in the place of an old Indian pueblo, of the type familiar in Arizona and New Mexico, only far more complete. He will see their strange dwellings, one surrounding another, two and three stories high, with paths worn hollow in the bricks and the crude wooden step-ladders leading to the rooms fronting on the corridors above."

"He will see the subterranean council chambers, also reached by ladders, where the solemn and secret rites of the tribe are performed by the priests and medicine men on religious anniversaries, and where all vital affairs are discussed by the chief and elders. These council chambers, by the way, are ordinarily never accessible to the average white man."

"Beyond the main settlement on lower ground, and divided from it by a gradual elevation, are several smaller groups, Navajos, Hopis and Mojaves. Here the character of the country will be different. There will be a narrow stream of water, perhaps, or pools with clumps of brush and little truck gardens."

"In short, everything that the Indian possesses in his own home and haunts will be there, just as though it had been there a hundred years more or less, and everything that he does well be exemplified. Blankets, baskets, silver and lace work will be going on all the time, and the original pieces will be for sale."

"There will be in the neighborhood of forty Indians, according to Schweizer, a number of whom will

have lived there for several months and have had time to get thoroughly settled and acclimated by the time the exposition opens. Some will come to San Diego in the near future to take part in the building, and particularly to make the adobe bricks."

"The red men will come here just as though they had migrated to a new country, and build an ideal pueblo on the exposition grounds, at the expense of the Santa Fe, and then, unless they get homesick, in the meanwhile, proceed to live in it. This according to white standards, might be called a pretty soft proposition. Just how the Indians will regard it remains to be seen."

"Clifford Payson, agent of the railroad, said that as soon as they can be manufactured, duplicates of the model now in the local office will be placed on exhibition in all the principal agencies of the road throughout the country. With these will be a brief account of the fair and a description of the scope and purpose of the Santa Fe exhibit."

### GOVERNMENT ADVOCATES USE OF LODGEPOLE PINE

Lodgepole pine, of which there are abundant stands both in the Rocky mountain and Coast mountain ranges when treated with preservatives ought to serve in the place of red cedar as a pole timber, says the department of agriculture, in a bulletin issued on Rocky mountain woods for telephone poles.

The rapid extension of telephone and power lines in the west is making the question of pole supply one of increasing importance. Western red cedar, for long the standard pole timber of the western states, grows in Washington, Oregon and Idaho, and in the states south of that region its cost is high, owing to the great distance over which it must be transported. In addition, the heavy drain on the supply promises to result in increasingly higher prices.

The tendency of lodgepole pine to decay rapidly when in contact with the ground has so far kept it out of the field as a competitor of the cedar, according to the department, but the general adoption of a preservative treatment by railroad and telephone companies changes the situation. At an additional cost for treatment that still leaves the pine pole the cheaper of the two in most markets outside of the cedar region, states the department, the pine may be made to last longer than untreated cedar. Tests carried on at the forest service laboratory also showed lodgepole pine to be as strong as the cedar, if not actually stronger.

Fire-killed lodgepole pine, of which there is a vast quantity in the Rocky mountain region, showed a strength under test 30 per cent that of live red cedar. In elastic values lodgepole pine is quite comparable to the cedar. The prejudice against the use of fire-killed material is a mistaken one, says the department, for there is no inherent difference in wood seasoned on the stump and wood cut when green and then seasoned. On many areas such material remains entirely sound for a number of years after the fire which killed it and besides is thoroughly seasoned and thus ready for preservative treatment as soon as cut.

### JAWS BROKEN BY KICK OF HORSE

Springer, N. M., March 28.—Lou Bartlett, a young man employed on the Nels Kriebel ranch, three miles from here, is in a serious condition as the result of being kicked in the face by a horse, his upper jaw being broken in two places and a piece an inch and a half long being cut out of his lower jaw, so that he will be more or less disabled for life. He was found lying unconscious near the wagon, the accident occurring while he was on route home. He attempted to fix a loose trace chain and one of the horses landed full on his face.

### SUMMER SCHEDULE FOR INSTITUTES IS ANNOUNCED

Santa Fe, N. M., March 28.—The state department of education has made public the following announcement of dates for county teachers' institutes during the coming summer:

Bernalillo, at Albuquerque, first two weeks in June, Halbi Silver, conductor; John Milne and others, instructors.

Chaves, at Roswell, first two weeks in June, J. S. Hofer, Tucuman, conductor.

Colfax, at Raton, J. H. Vaughn, Mesilla Park, conductor.

Curry, at Clovis, July 13-August 5, Frank Carroon of East Las Vegas, conductor.

Eddy, at Carlsbad, June 15-27, J. H. Vaughn, Mesilla Park, conductor.

Grant, at Silver City, June 1-15, in connection with the Normal summer school.

Lincoln, July 27-August 8, at Carrizozo, E. J. Enloe of Silver City, conductor.

Luna, at Deming, June 1-13, J. B. Taylor, conductor.

McKinley, at Gallup, immediately after the close of the school term in May, W. L. Bishop, conductor.

Mora, June 15-July 11, at Mora, Francis Kelley, East Las Vegas, conductor.

Otero county will waive its institute this year in favor of the Silver City and East Las Vegas summer schools.

Rio Arriba, at Espanola, July 13-August 8. The conductor has not yet been chosen.

Roosevelt, at Portales, will close on August 5, J. H. Vaughn, conductor.

San Miguel, June 15-July 11, J. S. Hofer, Tucuman, conductor.

Santa Fe, at Santa Fe, first two weeks in June, J. H. Wagner, conductor.

Torrance, at Mountainair, closing on August 8.

Union, at Clayton, July 22-August 5, T. W. Conway, Raton, conductor.

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### FARMINGTON FIRM CONTRACTING NEW WOOL

R. S. Baker Buys 275,000 Pounds Which Heretofore has Gone to Santa Fe and Durango Buyers

[Special Correspondence to the Herald]

Farmington, March 28.—R. S. Baker, manager of the local wholesale and jobbing house in Farmington, has been securing the country for wool. He has been accompanied during the past week by C. L. Pollard, buyer for the L. A. Hughes company at Santa Fe.

Over 275,000 pounds of wool have been contracted for, to be handled through the local wholesale establishment. This means that Farmington will ship out some 160,000 pounds that has heretofore found its way to the shipping points of Durango and Gallup.

Messrs. Baker and Pollard visited the Laplata, Blanco, Bloomfield, Shiprock, and also went down the San Juan river to Abeth, Utah. The wool was contracted for at 12c to 14 1/2c per pound, which averages about 2c per pound more than the wool brought last year. This is said to be the result of the shortage of the woolen mills, which is so great this year that the importation of wool from foreign countries under the new tariff law has failed to lower the price, as predicted, although it is thought that were the tariff now in effect the wool would be bringing even a greater price.

While San Juan county is thought of as a producing section, but little is said of her livestock industry, which is increasing rapidly each year and bids fair to become the leading production. The sheep of the county are ranged in the Laplata mountains during the summer and are brought to the San Juan to winter, as last winters are mild and open and plenty of good alfalfa hay is available.

The handling of this 275,000 pounds of wool through the Farmington channel is but one of the substantial gains the town is deriving from the Baker Supply Co., which commenced business here the first of the year.

### REGULAR AUTOMOBILE PASSENGER SERVICE ALBUQUERQUE TO SANTA FE

Beginning Sunday, March 15th and every day thereafter cars will leave garage at 7 a. m. sharp, arriving at Santa Fe 11 a. m. Leave Santa Fe 3 p. m. arrive Albuquerque 7 p. m.

Fare one way \$4.00, round trip tickets good for 10 days \$7.50. Hand baggage only carried free.

### BUTLER AUTO CO.

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Special Auto Livery Service to any Place at any Hour

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